



An investigation into the effect of digital learning on learning motivation and learning outcomes

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ABSTRACT:

In modern era, the popularity of smart mobile devices, the internet is breaking through the limitations of time and becoming a special learning tool. The design of educational activities for digital learning and the adaptability of the application of technological tools are the main focuses for the current integrated education in information technology. Students are assessed and a questionnaire is used in this study is administered to gain insight into the perception of digital learning. In order to accomplish research objectives and to test research speculations, trial research is applied in this review. 116 students were chosen as the subject of instructive exploration. Advanced learning has a more constructive outcome on learning inspiration than conventional training, computerized learning has a more constructive outcome on learning results than customary instruction, learning inspiration has a critical beneficial outcome on the effect of learning on learning results and perhaps on this inspiration to learn. has a very positive impact on learning outcomes on learning outcomes. This should be combined with the current

education trend and the benefits of digital use Learn how to develop practical strategies of teaching and effectiveness.

Keywords:e-learning, motivation learning,outcomes of learning.

INTRODUCTION:

In recent years, a few fast media networks have arisen because of the quick development of the Internet and remote correspondence innovation like versatile learning, portable voice, and texting. A lot of researching is done on e-learning to provide better performance and use of technology. The technology of comfortable, portable PDAs and smartphones is maturing, almost everyone has a device at hand. The everyday schedule foundation which has chosen to pick the e-getting the hang of showing strategy do play an essential part to play here. Possibly they can enlist educators and guides who have complete information on e-schooling devices and techniques or, more than likely they can make legitimate game plans to prepare the instructors concerning how to utilize the advanced projects adequately. The instructional meeting is essentially sorted out for senior and old educators who have been educating there for quite some time. As amazing most non-public school overseers and the board are glad to take on this new innovation which is the need of the current hour. Moreover, you can likewise take help from the web to get acquainted with this new procedure and educate others.

Heteroses learning:

In particular, advocates of the nature of teaching and in which the teachers plan to process the learning as much easier, communicate and the learning content presented, manage its course by directing interventions and ensuring results, should take advantage of the opportunities offered by a digital learning environment. Below is the behavioral team that mainly interprets the learning and learning process using stimulus/response schemas. Ex-positive learning, In this theory, a stimulus hope and expectation of responses, a procedure that must be successful through small steps and careful guidance. Unsurprisingly, learning computer-aided programming was first

practiced in digital learning environments, especially since there were already twenty years of experience available. The drilling and punching programs are mainly offered in this way. The electronic file courses were new in the tradition of carefully developed distance learning materials and the "tour" via hypertext and media, where the "guide" determines not just the path to be taken, but also the type and amount of "things" to be seen.

If we mainly analyze this type of presentation four fresh options for teaching emerge that are specific and distant and open learning pedagogically relevant different The presentation modes can be mixed and matched. multisensory education can be greatly improved.

LITERATURE REVIEW:

Two approaches, direct and indirect reading, are frequently employed in teaching reading skills (Brown, 2001). Suggestions from experts on extensive reading helped people understand it better. (Bell's, 1998) recorded ten benefits of running a broad perusing program from giving language contribution to expand students' language ability and to possess more sure inward factors of language learning, like inspiration and certainty. Principles for setting up a substantial reading programme. (Bamford, 2002). The reading materials should be easy with a diverse set of themes Learners were allowed to read whatever they pleased.. Many researches on extensive reading reported fruitful and inspiring findings. (Elley, 1991) found that learners' language use, language knowledge of vocabulary and grammar, academic performance in examination, and their reading attitude were enhanced. He attributed the success of extensive reading to five factors: the meaningful input, unconscious acquisition, the integration of different language skills, a focus on meaning rather than form, and high intrinsic motivation.

A study of two groups of learners' reading speed and comprehension: "extensive" and "intensive". The results indicated that "extensive" group achieved faster speed and better comprehension than "intensive" groups significantly.

The former was about the feelings and needs of a learner; while the latter came from the external force to elicit learning. Adopted different categorization and classified learning motivation into four major types. (Keller, 1987a, 1987b)

The State of Literature:

- Support of computer and organization innovation applied to local learning, including simultaneous offbeat organization learning, to overcome the limitations of time, area, and booking.
- Various computerized learning strategies are being delivered and schools have presented the separation instruction stages for educating and desire to advance understudy learning results.
- As enlightening a stream of data rapidly, the execution of advanced learning traversers' numerous regions and areas. As indicated by various foundations or the viewpoints, the definitions are unique.

What if this article contributes to the literature?

- Educators who join classroom instructing to utilize learning techniques and to establish the learning climate for understudies who need to utilize computerized learning, so understudies pose inquiries strongly and upgrade their internet learning skills with instructors.
- Teachers provides ways that effect our learning outcome. Promoting digital learning can be an alternative innovation to classroom education.

The educational design activities and the implementation of digital technology or learning are therefore the main focuses for the current integrated education in information technology.

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In changing climate of learning methods, the government and industry have invested heavily in researching and developing educational platforms. Instrumental upgrade has been developed for many digital education platforms, Diverse digital teaching resources have been created, and schools have been actively implementing various digital

teaching tools. education platforms in education to improve student the outcomes of learning. The use of shared learning the computer network's resources to reduce the educational gap between urban and rural areas is now a worldwide trend. Inevitably, teachers will integrate information technology into materials to teach students different media, instructional materials, and teaching techniques. Educators have a general responsibility to make education more effective, enable students to educate and develop a new generation through creative and reasonable communication as well as critical thinking network technology and information in the new millennium To obtain a consolidated learning outcome, digital education attempts to actively involve students in learning activities ((Tu, 2011). Designing educational activities and implementing digital technology or learning in a flexible manner aids are therefore the main focuses for the current integrated education in information technology.

The combination and integration of several pre- sensation methods:

We are always amazed by the new possibilities when it comes to the integration and integration of presentation formats in a digital learning environment. This is especially important for distance learning. It is the most important form of presentation, but now also offers interesting possibilities for the spoken word when planning and designing a presentation in the digital learning environment.

For thousands of years, it was the largesta very popular form for the presentation of teaching materials. When the printed word in distance learning replaced it some It was a radical break with precedent 150 years ago, and it had enormous pedagogical ramifications. Now, though,the traditional spoken word in the digital learning environment is again becoming important for teaching and learning, first here and there, but in the future, there will be more and structural education (this time completely different) is needed in distance learning and pedagogical consequences where we should take into account.

But there's more. Students can also be influenced by the teacher's image. He does not need to understand a certain level of external monotony, for example in a lesson, just because the teacher is on a podium and the students are sitting at their desks. The teacher's image can now be made more dynamic through different camera angles and settings, resulting in unprecedented impact and image intensity. There are opportunities

for directing pedagogical and drama films in distance learning, the criteria of which we do not know. A result that could change both these speech innovations and the image of the teacher alone could greatly change the methods and effectiveness of distance learning, as it would then become more exciting, as the expression has been removed from the letters and the press. Because the person teaching can be seen and heard, and the teaching content may be presented in a more varied, exciting, diversified, intense, succinct, and colourful manner, both physically and figuratively, it is important..

The subject of how to take advantage of these new digital learning opportunities in distant learning is critical, and the following questions should be asked:

When and why should on-screen texts be used?

When and why should teachers "speak anything" and "appear" themselves?

When is it suitable to combine and integrate, and why? the two types of representation?

When and why should a neutral "out" vote be used?

There is little doubt that most teachers are confronted with new situations that necessitate decisions that cannot be made schematically or at will. We have fundamental questions about digital teaching and learning that we can hardly answer through the experiences with analog instructional films.

Learning motivation:

(al. B. e., 2013) argue that early stages and learning bottlenecks can be driven by Extrinsic stimulation is when you are stimulated by something outside of yourself. Extrinsic stimuli would no longer be required after it had achieved autonomy, which would translate into autonomous learning. Extrinsic and intrinsic motivation work in tandem. Learning, on the other hand, necessitates some effort. degree of alien motivation and motivation, as learning tends to meet parental expectations, additional goals, and some incentives. The motivation to learn is a mediator between motivation and response. That is, the motivation to learn is a student's point of view on topics and students present different needs for acquiring knowledge due to different points of view. (Karim, 2012) views motivation to learn as the fundamental belief in guiding individual learning goals, encouraging learning behaviors to make a sustained effort, improving

cognitive history, and improving and enhancing learning outcomes.(al G. e., 2012) argued that students would expect to be motivated for behavior by others; in this case, the learning was purposeful but could have changed from extrinsic motivation to intrinsic motivation. Although students may not be autonomous, learning the motivation level for success or the transformation of personal growth needs in the learning process is a good process that is internalized by motivation. People with an intrinsic motivation to learn do not need incentives, they can make independent decisions and get pleasure and a sense of accomplishment in the process. On the other hand, alien motivation was the learning stimulus that led to the reward or punishment and identity of others at a particular value of behavior. Intrinsic stimulation can become more self-sufficient and long-lasting Despite its great value, environmental influences can have an impact. the stimulus requiring external stimuli and support (al C. e., 2011).Motivational view to learn as a student's intention or desire to learn and make effort, which is made based on a particular choice of learning activity and effort to learn that activity. The motivation to learn in this study is therefore defined as signals for continuous learning and the efforts of students to achieve the learning goal that teachers have set in the learning process. Students prefer to solve problems independently in certain positions (behaviour boosts intrinsic motivation), but professors will assist them in solving other learning problems (al C. e., 2012). (behavior is promoted by external stimuli). Students' intrinsic interests and teachers' or parents' extrinsic rewards might combine to shape motivation to learn in the classroom. In this study, intrinsic and extrinsic motivation are utilised as measures of learning motivation, according to the above research.

More and improved support

The acceleration of communication between students and proofreaders, as well as between students and teachers, is one of the key practical benefits of the digital learning environment. The time it takes to complete submitted activities, which is generally four to six weeks, can be reduced to a few days. This is unquestionably an important training goal that compensates for traditional distant learning's structural flaws caused by communication delays at the post. In addition, students can communicate more easily and frequently with their instructors, individually or in groups, asynchronously or synchronously. In an experiment in New Zealand, virtual classes of three or four students performed very well(Ingham, 1997). All of the teachers were

seated in front of a computer, and a student presented his written project on the monitor, read it, and discussed it.. The instructor can Highlight the words as you scroll through it. After then, the pupils can talk about what they've seen and heard. A very intense collaboration has developed and real collaborative learning has taken place.

Differentiate between traditional teaching and e-learning

Traditional teaching and digital learning have many distinctions in lesson content, learning routes, and practise methods, according to (McKiernan, 2011). Digital learning tools, for example, emphasised ease and flexibility, whereas traditional education chose courses that required hands-on or group work. Although digital learning cannot totally replace conventional education, it can enhance learning and keep students engaged by reinforcing traditional education with digital learning and fully incorporating both techniques into educational activities. (al., 2011)described the differences in the learning environment and with individuals between digital learning and traditional education. The most conventional and representative teaching style was traditional teaching, which included'reading' in the classroom. In a nutshell, it refers to teachers who use interpreters to give educational materials to pupils during lesson activities. It has a lengthy history and continues to be one of the most beneficial teaching approaches for instructors .(al. S. e., 2012) consider digital learning to be the fastest developed learning method of the past year, but also as In the future, mainstream In addition to the context, of that time, it has evolved rapidly as it breaks by means of traditional instruction methods and brings different talent. Compared the benefits of digital learning to traditional education. (al, 2012). No learning difficulties: digital learning ensures that students are not limited in time and space like traditional learning so that students can choose the time and place for online learning and there is no pressure and obstacles of time and space on the part of online learning instructors of interaction mechanisms(al J. , 2014). The Internet provides varied information that students can find by keyword search. Network resources would be effectively implemented through digital learning if a digital learning platform could organise resources relevant to the use or connection of students, and teachers or students could find more information than teaching material in the curriculum to achieve the learning effect. (al. Y. e., 2011). E-Learning Content and Adapted Curriculum: Students in traditional education were treated equally for the same curriculum and learning content, regardless of the student's

level. However, curriculum design and production of digital education materials were they digital? content that students was able to freely choose from various classes and learning materials, based on level and preferences, in order to achieve a personalised learning outcome (Sun al., 2012). A strong digital learning platform should thoroughly capture students' learning histories so that they can be tracked in the future. teachers understand the learning conditions of students, and students can achieve the learningfor adaptability and progress on a level or learning result Interactive learning: Digital learning is self-learning that educational materials should have more multimedia images, sounds, or pictures than traditional ones in order to provide more appealing and vibrant learning materials. Furthermore, interactive tools such as a chat and discussion room are available on digital education platforms, allowing for more two-way communication between students and teachers as well as between students (Hockly, 2012). The content of teaching materials utilised in a digital learning platform is saved as digital files that can be reused by the finished teaching materials. That is the instructional material prepared by the instructors before the students use and learn the lessons again and over again. Traditional education requires all students to gather at the same time and place to increase the cost of education.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

A measuring variable of e-learning: This paper essential target is to make a composing review in relation to automated learning not really settled to perceive and research the different ways of thinking which potentiates the learning framework. Progressed learning is dynamically influencing in based teaching yet more import is inciting new models or plans for training and learning. Expositive, positive, instinctive, and rational metrologies are included. The first relates to the presentation of speculation, thoughts and different information and it relies upon message improved with energy. In the second, scripts central the schematics display rehearses. In the third, the understudy teams up with properly arranged instruments to practice and test her/his level of capacity. The continue to go procedure relies upon the use of test frameworks. Other than the examination of those methods of reasoning and the devices identified with them, the assessment will perceive the indispensable conditions for cutting edge learning accomplishment, to accomplish that genuine a purposeful composing review will make

possible to recognize the strategies and moreover the later instruments used to progress modernized learning and instructing.

Research sampling of data and subjective:

To accomplish the exploration objective successfully and test the examination speculations, the plan of a non-identical test control bunch is utilized for semi testing research. A sum of 126 students from 6 classes are chosen as examination, with 2 classes (64 understudies) from the exploratory gathering changing to advanced learning and the leftover 3 classes (64 understudies) staying in the group as a customary understanding strategy. 23 weeks (3 hours each week) prior to informative examination (96 hours altogether). Measurement programming is utilized for information examination, and element investigation, dependability examination, relapse investigation and variable investigation are applied to test various speculations.

Hypothesis

H1:eLearning empowers extraordinary types of instruction that fits inside the current ideal models of up close and personal and distance training.

H2:eLearning is a method for executing instruction that can be applied inside changing training models (for instance, up close and personal or distance schooling) and instructive ways of thinking (for instance behaviorism and constructivism).

H3:Successful eLearning practice considers the manners by which end-clients will draw in with the learning openings gave to them.

H4:eLearning instruments are best made to work inside a meticulously chosen and ideally incorporated course configuration model.

H5:Just academic benefits will give an enduring reasoning to carrying out eLearning approaches.

Analysis method

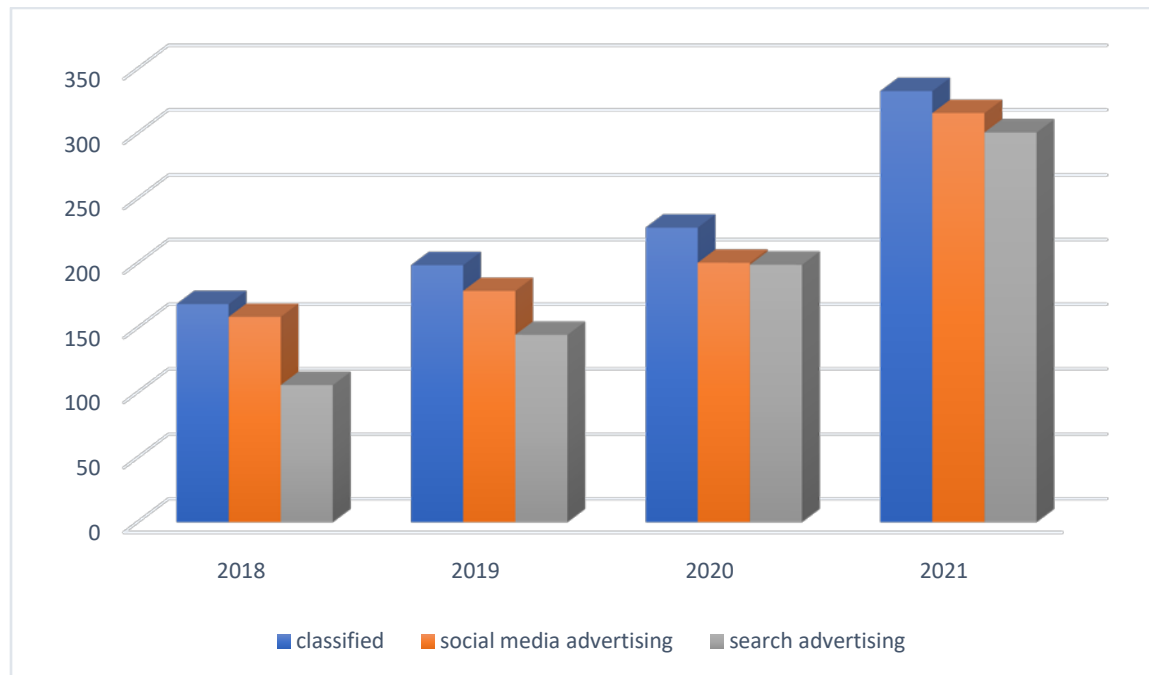
Examination of This survey uses variance to discuss the effects of cutting-edge learning on learning motivation and learning outcomes, as well as regression analysis to analyse

the relationship between learning motivation and learning outcomes.

Validity and Reliability analysis

The COVID-19 has resulted in all schools being closed. Over 1.1 billion understudies around the world have graduated from high school. In this way, training has influenced the unquestionable rise of e-learning, through which education is welcomed in a positive light and at cutting-edge levels. According to research, web learning has been demonstrated to build knowledge support and take less time, implying that the movements Covid-19 has sparked are establishing deep roots. While countries' COVID-19 sickness rates vary, more than 1.1 billion children in 186 countries have been affected by school closures as a result of the epidemic. Children under the age of ten in Mexico are returning to nurseries and classrooms after being closed for a while., The COVID-19 has resulted in all schools being closed. Over 1.1 billion understudies around the world have graduated from high school. In this way, training has influenced the unquestionable rise of e-learning, through which education is welcomed in a positive light and at cutting-edge levels. According to research, web learning has been demonstrated to build knowledge support and take less time, implying that the movements Covid-19 has sparked are establishing deep roots. While countries' COVID-19 sickness rates vary, more than 1.1 billion children in 186 countries have been affected by school closures as a result of the epidemic. Children as young as ten years old in Mexico are returning to nurseries and schools after being closed for a while, while in the United Kingdom, understudies are responding to move summons from their instructors via the internet..

ANALYSIS RESULT:



Validity and Reliability analysis

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SUGGESTION:

In light of the following are the research findings recommendations are made in this research

The efficiency of teaching can only be improved if the system functions are rich and varied so that they are close to the understanding of the user and give students access to the system. Regarding the digital blended learning dilemma, the school organization can give educators programming and equipment backing and help where important to clear questions about computerized learning and, with support, incorporate instructors with interests to shape an association like an expert. To advance computerised learning in the local area. All things considered, bunch cooperation can grow advanced training the board better compared to a person to fundamentally foster the learning impact. Educators can gather major assets from the Internet and foster programming or sites themselves to achieve the impact of data-assisted schooling if there is no PC-assisted group to foster programming. Additionally, advancing gathering educating among educators for community oriented turn of events and advancing learning sites would be more useful and advantage more understudies. Educators are vital to fostering the adequacy of computerized learning in instructing. There will be some difficulties in making changes to conventional showing strategies, yet those issues will be survived on the off chance that educators routinely trade showing encounters with partners or specialists or offer through web networks and figure out how to advance and oversee instructing techniques. self-advancement. With the progression of data innovation and important advances, understudies and instructors will accept computerized learning. Teachers strive and ensure that students acquire systematic knowledge through the network and have the appropriate concepts of use.

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