

## ON THE NEGATIVE PELL EQUATION $y^2 = 102x^2 - 18$

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### ABSTRACT:

The binary quadratic Diophantine equation represented by the negative Pellian  $y^2 = 102x^2 - 18$  is analyzed for its non-zero distinct solutions. A few interesting relations among the solutions are given. Further, employing the solutions of the above hyperbola, we have obtained solutions of other choices of hyperbolas, parabolas and Pythagorean triangle.

KEYWORDS: Binary quadratic, Hyperbola, Parabola, Integral solutions, Pell equation.

## Introduction

The binary quadratic equations of the form  $y^2 = Dx^2 + 1$  where D is non-square negative integer has been selected by various mathematicians for its non-trivial integer solutions when D takes different integral values[1-4]. For an extensive review of various problems, one may refer[5-10]. In this communication, yet another interesting equation given by  $y^2 = 102x^2 - 18$  is considered and infinitely many integer solutions are obtained. A few interesting properties among the solutions are presented.

## Method of Analysis

The negative Pell equation representing hyperbola under consideration is,

$$y^2 = 102x^2 - 18 \quad (1)$$

The smallest positive integer solutions of (1) are,

$$x_0 = 3, y_0 = 30$$

Consider the pellian equation

$$y^2 = 102x^2 + 1 \quad (2)$$

The initial solution of (2)

$$\tilde{x}_0 = 10, \tilde{y}_0 = 101$$

The general solution  $(x_n, y_n)$  of (2) is given by,

$$\tilde{x}_n = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{102}} g_n, \tilde{y}_n = \frac{1}{2} f_n$$

where,

$$f_n = (101 + 10\sqrt{102})^{n+1} + (101 - 10\sqrt{102})^{n+1}$$

$$g_n = (101 + 10\sqrt{102})^{n+1} - (101 - 10\sqrt{102})^{n+1}$$

Applying Brahmagupta lemma between  $(x_0, y_0)$  and  $(\tilde{x}_n, \tilde{y}_n)$  the other integer solution of (1) are given by,

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{3}{2} f_n + \frac{30}{2\sqrt{102}} g_n$$

$$y_{n+1} = \frac{30}{2} f_n + \frac{306}{2\sqrt{102}} g_n$$

The recurrence relation satisfied by the solution  $x$  and  $y$  are given by,

$$x_{n+3} - 202x_{n+2} + x_{n+1} = 0$$

$$y_{n+3} - 202y_{n+2} + y_{n+1} = 0$$

Some numerical examples of  $x$  and  $y$  satisfying (1) are given in the Table 1 below,

**Table 1: Examples**

N	$x_n$	$y_n$
0	3	30
1	603	6090
2	121803	1230150
3	12423906	248484210

From the above table, we observe some interesting relations among the solutions which are presented below.

- $y_n$  values are even.
- **Each of the following expression is a nasty number:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \diamond \frac{6}{9} [18 + 306x_{2n+2} - 30y_{2n+2}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{90} [180 + 6090x_{2n+2} - 30x_{2n+3}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{36360} [72720 + 2460300x_{n+1} - 60x_{n+3}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{1818} [3636 + 123012x_{2n+2} - 60y_{2n+3}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{183609} [367218 + 12423906x_{2n+2} - 30y_{2n+4}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{909} [1818 + 306x_{2n+3} - 6090y_{2n+2}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{183609} [367218 + 306x_{n+3} - 1230150y_{n+1}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{9180} [18360 + 306y_{2n+3} - 61506y_{2n+2}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{1854360} [3708720 + 306y_{2n+4} - 12423906y_{2n+2}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{90} [180 + 1230150x_{2n+3} - 6090x_{2n+4}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{9} [18 + 61506x_{2n+3} - 6090y_{2n+3}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{909} [1818 + 12423906x_{2n+3} - 6090y_{2n+4}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{909} [1818 + 61506x_{2n+4} - 1230150y_{2n+3}] \\
 & \diamond \frac{6}{9180} [18360 + 61506y_{2n+4} - 12423906x_{2n+3}]
 \end{aligned}$$

➤ Each of the following expression is a cubical integer.

$$\begin{aligned} & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [306x_{3n+3} - 30y_{3n+3} + 918x_{n+1} - 90y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{90} [6090x_{3n+3} - 30x_{3n+4} + 18270x_{n+1} - 90x_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{36360} [2460300x_{3n+3} - 60x_{3n+5} + 7380900x_{n+1} - 180x_{n+3}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{1818} [123012x_{3n+3} - 60y_{3n+4} + 369036x_{n+1} - 180y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{183609} [12423906x_{3n+3} - 30y_{3n+5} + 37271718x_{n+1} - 90y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [306x_{3n+4} - 6090y_{3n+3} + 918x_{n+2} - 18270y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{183609} [306x_{3n+5} - 1230150y_{3n+3} + 918x_{n+3} - 3690450y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9180} [306y_{3n+4} - 61506y_{3n+3} + 918y_{n+2} - 184518y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{1854360} [306y_{3n+5} - 12423906y_{3n+3} + 918y_{n+3} - 37271718y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{90} [1230150x_{3n+4} - 6090x_{3n+5} + 3690450x_{n+2} - 18270x_{n+3}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [61506x_{3n+4} - 6090y_{3n+4} + 184518x_{n+2} - 18270y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [12423906x_{3n+4} - 6090y_{3n+5} + 372711718x_{n+2} - 18270y_{n+3}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [61506x_{3n+5} - 1230150y_{3n+4} + 184518x_{n+3} - 3690450y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9180} [61506y_{3n+5} - 12423906y_{3n+4} + 184518y_{n+3} - 37271718y_{n+2}] \end{aligned}$$

➤ Each of the following expression is a biquadratic integer.

$$\begin{aligned} & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [306x_{4n+4} - 30y_{4n+4} + 1224x_{2n+2} - 120y_{2n+2} + 54] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{90} [6090x_{4n+4} - 30x_{4n+5} + 24360x_{2n+2} - 120x_{2n+3} + 540] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{36360} [2460300x_{4n+4} - 60x_{4n+6} + 9841200x_{2n+2} - 240x_{2n+4} + 218160] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{1818} [123012x_{4n+4} - 60y_{4n+5} + 492048x_{2n+2} - 240y_{2n+3} + 10908] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{183609} [12423906x_{4n+4} - 30y_{4n+6} + 49695624x_{n+1} - 120y_{n+3} + 1101654] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [306x_{4n+5} - 6090y_{4n+4} + 1224x_{2n+3} - 24360y_{2n+2} + 5454] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{183609} [306x_{4n+6} - 1230150y_{4n+4} + 1224x_{2n+4} - 4920600y_{2n+2} + 1101654] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \diamond \frac{1}{9180} [306y_{4n+5} - 61506y_{4n+4} + 1224y_{2n+3} - 246024y_{2n+2} + 55080] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{1854360} [306y_{4n+6} - 12423906y_{4n+4} + 1224y_{2n+3} - 49695624y_{n+1} + 11126160] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{90} [1230150x_{4n+5} - 6090y_{4n+6} + 4920600x_{2n+3} - 24360x_{2n+4} + 540] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [61506x_{4n+5} - 6090x_{4n+6} + 246024x_{2n+3} - 24360y_{2n+3} + 54] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [12423906x_{4n+5} - 6090y_{4n+6} + 49695624x_{n+2} - 24360y_{n+3} + 5454] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [61506x_{4n+6} - 1230150y_{4n+5} + 246024x_{2n+4} - 4920600y_{2n+3} + 5454] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9180} [61506y_{4n+6} - 12423906y_{4n+5} + 246024y_{2n+4} - 49695624y_{2n+3} + 55080] \end{aligned}$$

➤ Each of the following expression is a quintic integer:

$$\begin{aligned} & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [306x_{5n+5} - 30y_{5n+5} + 1530x_{3n+3} - 150y_{3n+3} + 3060x_{n+1} - 300y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [6090x_{5n+5} - 30x_{5n+6} + 30450x_{3n+3} - 150x_{3n+4} + 60900x_{n+1} - 300x_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{36360} [2460300x_{5n+5} - 60x_{5n+7} + 12303500x_{3n+3} - 300x_{3n+5} + 24603000x_{n+1} - 600x_{n+3}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{1818} [123012x_{5n+5} - 60y_{5n+6} + 615060x_{3n+3} - 300y_{3n+4} + 1230120x_{n+1} - 600y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{183609} [12423906x_{5n+5} - 30y_{5n+7} + 62119530x_{3n+3} - 150y_{3n+5} - 124239060x_{n+1} - 300y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [306x_{5n+6} - 6090y_{5n+5} + 1530x_{3n+4} - 30450y_{3n+3} + 3060x_{n+2} - 60900y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{183609} [306x_{5n+7} - 1230150y_{5n+5} + 1530x_{3n+5} - 7380900y_{3n+3} + 3060x_{n+3} - 11071350y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9180} [306y_{5n+6} - 61506y_{5n+5} + 1530y_{3n+4} - 307530y_{3n+3} + 3060y_{n+2} - 615060y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{1854360} [306y_{5n+7} - 12423906y_{5n+5} + 1530y_{3n+5} - 62119530y_{3n+3} + 3060y_{n+3} - 124239060y_{n+1}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{90} [1230150x_{5n+6} - 6090x_{5n+7} + 6150750x_{3n+4} - 30450x_{3n+5} + 12301500x_{n+2} - 60900x_{n+3}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9} [61506x_{5n+6} - 6090y_{5n+6} + 307530x_{3n+4} - 30450y_{3n+4} + 615060x_{n+2} - 60900y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [1243906x_{5n+6} - 6090y_{5n+7} + 62119530x_{3n+4} - 30450y_{3n+5} + 124239060x_{n+2} - 60900y_{n+3}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{909} [61506x_{5n+7} - 1230150y_{5n+6} + 307530x_{3n+5} - 6150750y_{3n+4} + 615060x_{n+3} - 12301500y_{n+2}] \\ & \diamond \frac{1}{9180} [61506y_{5n+7} - 12423906y_{5n+6} + 307530y_{3n+5} - 62119530y_{3n+4} + 615060y_{n+3} - 124239060y_{n+3}] \end{aligned}$$

➤ **Relations among the solutions are given below:**

- ❖  $x_{n+2} = 101x_{n+1} + 10y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $x_{n+3} = 20401x_{n+1} + 2020y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $y_{n+2} = 1020x_{n+1} + 101y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $y_{n+3} = 206040x_{n+1} + 20401y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $x_{n+3} = 202x_{n+2} - x_{n+1}$
- ❖  $10y_{n+2} = 101x_{n+2} - x_{n+1}$
- ❖  $10y_{n+3} = 20401x_{n+2} - 101x_{n+1}$
- ❖  $20y_{n+2} = x_{n+3} - x_{n+1}$
- ❖  $2020y_{n+3} = 20401x_{n+3} - x_{n+1}$
- ❖  $101y_{n+3} = 1020x_{n+1} + 20401y_{n+2}$
- ❖  $101x_{n+3} = 20401x_{n+2} + 10y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $101y_{n+2} = 1020x_{n+2} - y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $y_{n+3} = 2040x_{n+2} + y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $20401y_{n+2} = 1020x_{n+3} + 101y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $20401y_{n+3} = 206040x_{n+3} + y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $y_{n+3} = 202y_{n+2} - y_{n+1}$
- ❖  $10y_{n+2} = x_{n+3} - 101x_{n+2}$
- ❖  $10y_{n+3} = 101x_{n+3} - x_{n+2}$
- ❖  $y_{n+3} = 1020x_{n+2} + 101y_{n+2}$
- ❖  $101y_{n+3} = 1020x_{n+3} + y_{n+2}$



**Remarkable Observations**

- I. Employing linear combinations among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of hyperbolas which are presented in table 2 below

**Table 2: Hyperbola**

S.NO	Hyperbola	(X,Y)
1	$4Y^2 - 4131X^2 = 1296$	$(y_{n+1} - 10x_{n+1}, 306x_{n+1} - 30y_{n+1})$
2	$Y^2 - 51X^2 = 32400$	$(3x_{n+2} - 603x_{n+1}, 6090x_{n+1} - 30x_{n+2})$
3	$4Y^2 - 408X^2 = 5288198400$	$(3x_{n+3} - 121803x_{n+1}, 1230150x_{n+1} - 30x_{n+3})$
4	$4Y^2 - 408X^2 = 13220496$	$(3y_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+1}, 61506x_{n+1} - 30y_{n+2})$
5	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 1.348490595 \times 10^{11}$	$(3y_{n+3} - 1230150x_{n+1}, 12423906x_{n+1} - 30y_{n+3})$

6	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 3305124$	$(603y_{n+1} - 30x_{n+2}, 306x_{n+2} - 6090y_{n+1})$
7	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 1.348490595 \times 10^{11}$	$(121803y_{n+1} - 30x_{n+3}, 306x_{n+3} - 1230150y_{n+1})$
8	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 337089600$	$(6090y_{n+1} - 30y_{n+2}, 306y_{n+2} - 61506y_{n+1})$
9	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 1.375460404 \times 10^{13}$	$(1230150y_{n+1} - 30y_{n+3}, 306y_{n+3} - 12423906y_{n+1})$
10	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 32400$	$(603x_{n+3} - 121803x_{n+2}, 1230150x_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+3})$
11	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 324$	$(603y_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+2}, 61506x_{n+2} - 6090y_{n+2})$
12	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 3305124$	$(603y_{n+3} - 1230150x_{n+2}, 12423906x_{n+2} - 6090y_{n+3})$
13	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 3305124$	$(121803y_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+3}, 61506x_{n+3} - 1230150y_{n+2})$
14	$Y^2 - 102X^2 = 337089600$	$(1230150y_{n+2} - 6090y_{n+3}, 61506y_{n+3} - 12423906y_{n+2})$
15	$Y^2 - 23X^2 = 8940100$	$(518y_{n+3} - 24852y_{n+2}, 119186y_{n+2} - 2484y_{n+3})$

II. Employing linear combination among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of parabolas which are presented in table 3 below

**Table 3: Parabola**

S.N O	Parabola	(X,Y)
1	$4Y - 459X^2 = 144$	$(y_{n+1} - 10x_{n+1}, 306x_{2n+2} - 30y_{2n+2} + 18)$
2	$90Y - 51X^2 = 32400$	$(3x_{n+2} - 603x_{n+1}, 6090x_{2n+2} - 30x_{2n+3} + 180)$
3	$36360Y - 408X^2 = 5288198400$	$(3x_{n+3} - 121803x_{n+1}, 2460300x_{2n+2} - 60x_{2n+4} + 72720)$
4	$1818Y - 408X^2 = 13220496$	$(3y_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+1}, 123012x_{2n+2} - 60y_{2n+3} + 3636)$
5	$Y - 102X^2 = 734436$	$(3y_{n+3} - 1230150x_{n+1}, 12423906x_{2n+2} - 30y_{2n+4} + 367218)$
6	$909Y - 102X^2 = 3305124$	$(603y_{n+1} - 30x_{n+2}, 306x_{2n+3} - 6090y_{2n+2} + 1818)$
7	$Y - 102X^2 = 734436$	$(306x_{n+3} - 1230150y_{n+1}, 306x_{n+3} - 1230150y_{n+1} + 367218)$
8	$9180Y - 102X^2 = 337089600$	$(6090y_{n+1} - 30y_{n+2}, 306y_{2n+3} - 61506y_{2n+2} + 18360)$
9	$1854360Y - 102X^2 = 1.375460404 \times 10^{13}$	$(1230150y_{n+1} - 30y_{n+3}, 306y_{2n+4} - 12423906y_{2n+2} + 3708720)$

10	$90Y - 102X^2 = 32400$	$(603x_{n+3} - 121803x_{n+2}, 1230150x_{2n+3} - 6090x_{2n+4} + 180)$
11	$9Y - 102X^2 = 324$	$(603y_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+2}, 61506x_{2n+3} - 6090y_{2n+3} + 18)$
12	$909Y - 102X^2 = 3305124$	$(603y_{n+3} - 1230150x_{n+2}, 12423906x_{2n+3} - 6090y_{2n+4} + 1818)$
13	$909Y - 102X^2 = 3305124$	$(121803y_{n+2} - 6090x_{n+3}, 61506x_{2n+4} - 1230150y_{2n+3} + 1818)$
14	$9180Y - 102X^2 = 337089600$	$(1230150y_{n+2} - 6090y_{n+3}, 61506y_{2n+4} - 12423906y_{2n+3} + 18360)$
15	$1495Y - 23X^2 = 8940100$	$(518y_{n+3} - 24852y_{n+2}, 119186y_{2n+3} - 2484y_{2n+4} + 2990)$

**SPECIAL CASES:**

- $P_y^{10}(t_{3,x+1})^2 = 918P_x^6(t_{3,y})^2 + 18(t_{3,y})^2(t_{3,x+1})^2$
- $9P_y^6(t_{3,x})^2 = 102P_x^{10}(t_{3,y+1})^2 + 18(t_{3,x})^2(t_{3,y+1})^2$
- $P_y^{10}(t_{3,2x-2})^2 = 102(6P_{x-1}^4)^2(t_{3,y})^2 + 18(t_{3,y})^2(t_{3,2x-2})^2$
- $36P_{y-1}^8(t_{3,x})^2 = 102P_x^{10}(t_{3,2y-2})^2 + 18(t_{3,x})^2(t_{3,2y-2})^2$
- $9P_y^6(t_{3,2x-2})^2 = 102(36P_{x-1}^8)(t_{3,y+1})^2 + 18(t_{3,2x-2})^2(t_{3,y+1})^2$
- $(6P_{y-1}^4)^2(t_{3,x+1})^2 = 102(3P_x^3)^2(t_{3,2y-2})^2 + 18(t_{3,x+1})^2(t_{3,2y-2})^2$

**Conclusion**

In this paper, we have presented infinitely many integer solutions for the negative Pell Equation  $y^2 = 102x^2 - 18$ . As the binary quadratic Diophantine equations are rich in variety, one may search for the other choices of Pell Equations and determine their integer solutions along with suitable properties.

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