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THE CONDITION OF INTERNALLY DISPLACED PEOPLE AT THE EVACUATION CENTER IN MAGUINDANAO ARMED CONFLICT AREAS

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Abstract

The study ascertained The Condition of Internally Displaced People at the evacuation center in Maguindanao Armed Conflicts Areas.

Specifically, this study sought to find out the condition of the internally displaced people psycho-social and their satisfaction on the government response at the evacuation center on their posttraumatic stress-disorder period in maguindanao armed conflicts.

The descriptive-evaluative research design guided by research questions was used in purposive sampling wherein 120 respondents identified as Internally Displaced people of Maguindanao armed conflicts areas were asked to answer their condition at the evacuation center. The satisfaction of the internally displace people on the government response in terms of food assistance, relief assistance, security and safety measure was also determined. The data were treated using the descriptive statistics such as the frequency, percentage distribution, and means was used to find out the condition and the level of their satisfaction as internally displace people at the evacuation center in maguindanao armed conflicts. The findings of the study showed that there is no psycho-socio activities is perform by the internally displace people to develop and cope up with their psycho-social condition during the recovery period with their post-traumatic stress experience in Maguindanao armed conflicts.

Keywords: Internally Displaced People, Armed Conflict, Evacuation Center, Maguindanao

INTRODUCTION

Life of every human being has value, as the Golden Rule states; (Section 1, Article III, 1987 Philippine Constitution), "No Person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor shall any person be denied the equal protection of laws" Generally, this golden rule clearly express the right to life, right to an adequate standard of living, right to food, right to education, right to health and medical care of a certain individual and will be definitely be observed all the time and be respected in all manners.

In armed conflicts, civilians daily lives caught up are ruled by fear and extreme suffering. The deliberate targeting to them, the looting, destruction of their property, their use as a human shields, the destruction of infrastructure vital to them, rape and other forms of sexual violence, torture, indiscriminate attacks, these and other acts of violence are unfortunately all common throughout the world.

Internally displaced people are civilians who are forced to flee their homes due to the various forms of armed conflicts and natural disasters. Those people are forced to stay at the place where they can temporarily dwell, a place where they feel comfortable and safe during nor after the armed conflicts, the evacuation center.

They call it their homes away from home. Here, they continue to live coping up to the distressful effect of the armed conflicts.

The conditions they have in the evacuation center are far from the standard of living they have in their homes both on psychological and social aspects of their life. In the evacuation center they are mentally stressed and physically shattered due to the continued conflicts. These things are only basic problems encountered by the internally displaced people during and after the armed conflicts, which totally affects their psycho-social condition.

In Philippines, specifically in Maguindanao armed conflicts is an ordinary scene to the civilians, during encounter of the army troops and the rebels, civilians keep on evacuating their homes. They ran to places where they can have their temporary dwellings and to continue life and lived as harmonious.

An area for the evacuation center was opened for IDP's from the following barangays which was named the SPMS Box (Datu Saudi Ampatuan (Barangay Salbo), Datu Salibo (Barangay Pagatin), Mamasapano, and Shariff Aguak in Maguindanao these areas always been the encounter zone in maguindanao which started in February 2015 in following what is known as the Mamasapano incident which lasted until the march 2017 and this military all-out offensive gradually scaled down but its impact to the affected areas and displaced people was felt continuously.

Condition of the internally displaced people is the main crux that is really been affected in an armed conflicts, which is need to be given attention and good intervention in order for them to early recover on the experience they encountered during the armed conflicts. Anent to this issue, the researcher conducted this study to address the rights and privileges of the internally displaced people in all aspect with the hope that this paper will alleviate the lives of the people psychologically and socially in the affected areas of armed conflicts.

Statement of the Problem

Generally, the study aimed to assess The Condition of Internally Displaced People at the evacuation center in Maguindanao Armed Conflicts Areas.

Specifically this study sought answers to the following questions;

- 1. What is the socio-demographic and economic profile of the respondents in terms of:
 - a. Age;
 - b. Civil Status;
 - c. Gender;
 - d. Family Size;
 - e. Family Income; and
 - f. Educational Attainment?
- 2. What is the psychological condition of the internally displaced people during recovery period at the evacuation center in terms of:
 - a. Psycho-Social Activities;
 - b. Stress and Trauma Debriefing;
 - c. Health Assistance; and
 - d. Guidance and Counseling of IDP's?
- 3. What is the social condition of the internally displaced people at the evacuation in terms of;
 - a. Livelihood Assistance;
 - b. Relief Assistance; and
 - c. Security and Safety Assistance?

4. What is the level of satisfaction of the internally displace people to the government response in terms of;

- a. Livelihood Assistance;
- b. Relief Assistance;
- c. Security and Safety Assistance;
- d. Psycho-Social Activities;
- e. Stress and Trauma Debriefing;
- f. Health assistance; and
- g. Guidance and Counseling of the IDP's?
- 5. What are the problems encountered at the evacuations center?

Significance of the Study

The findings of the study may help the government and the society itself in the implementation and formulation of the rules and regulations. The policy makers in the government could help in refining their works and policy measures that will address the psycho-social well-being of the less fortunate internally displace people of war conflicts.

Researchers and the academe may also benefit this study by providing them some valuable information in aid of their work. The researcher may also provide vital information in regard with the functions and responsibilities of the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), The Department of Health, and other concerns agencies of the government. Result of the study may point out what sector of the government can really assess the condition of an internally displace people in a war conflicts, this study will also suggest what does the idp's really needs in an evacuation center during the process of their coping up. Finally, the policy makers also benefits as it can be their basis in crafting policies in protecting the rights of every individual, make measurement to provide proper response to the internally displaced people and see to it that the programs are being implemented for the general welfare of the nation.

Scope and Limitation

This study conducted to the internally displaced people in Maguindanao armed conflicts areas. This study focuses on the coping mechanism of the internally displaced people, their level of satisfaction on the government responses, and the overall psycho-social condition of the internally displaced people at the evacuation center during and after the conflicts.

However, this study is limited to the everyday psycho-social and living condition of the internally displaced people of the maguindanao armed conflicts areas, and may not include any war conflicts outside Maguinadanao specifically SPMS Box towns of (Datu Saudi Ampatuan (Barangay Salbo), Datu Salibo (Barangay Pagatin), Mamasapano, and Shariff Aguak in Maguindanao areas of jurisdiction.

METHODOLOGY

The study used a descriptive-evaluative research design guided by a survey questionnaires. This approach deals with life experiences of the people in a certain phenomenon. It used case-level research design, purposive sampling technique, and semi-structured key informant survey questionnaire as methodologies for research. The researcher conducted the actual research and data gathering on the evaluation for the condition of the internally displace people. After which the level of satisfaction of the internally displaced people for the government assistance.

Locale of the Study

This study was conducted in the Internally Displaced People at the Evacuation Center of the Maguindanao Armed Conflicts Areas who are temporary dwell at the Evacuation Centers of Maguindanao (As Identified by DSWD-ARMM) and other nearby places. The IDP's started evacuated from the SPMS Box (Datu Saudi Ampatuan (Barangay Salbo), Datu Salibo (Baragay Pagatin), Mamasapano, and Shariff Aguak in Maguindanao, when the fire fights between rebels/militant and the government troops began years ago.

The evacuation center was in Maguindanao and other nearby provinces and cities. **Respondents and Sampling Technique**

The respondents of the study were the identified Internally Displaced people of Maguindanao armed conflicts Areas as IDP's. One Hundred Twenty (120) respondents were the subjects of this study.

The sampling technique was used in the purposive sampling wherein the researcher identified 120 idp's to be the respondents from the internally displaced people of Maguindanao armed conflicts staying at the evacuation center.

Research Instrument

This study obtained the primary data sources. Specifically, a survey questionnaire was personally construed by the researcher. This was used as an instrument in data gathering and to respond with the objective of the study. This research instrument is segregated in (5) parts. Part 1, contains the Socio-demographic and economic profile of the respondents. Part 2, describes the Psychological condition of the internally displaced people during recovery period at the evacuation center in terms of Psycho-Social Activities, Stress and Trauma Debriefing, Health Assistance; and Guidance and Counseling of IDP's Part 3, tells about Social Condition of Internally Displaced people in terms of ; Livelihood Assistance, Relief Assistance and Securities and Safety Assistance Part 4, talks about the level of satisfaction of the internally displaced people on the government response in terms of; Livelihood Assistance, Relief Assistance, Relief Assistance, Stress and Safety Assistance and Safety Assistance, Psycho-Social Activities, Stress and Trauma Debriefing, Health Assistance and Guidance and Counseling of the IDP's. Lastly is Part 5 Problems and challenges encountered at the evacuations center.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

A. The Respondents' Socio-Demographic and Economic Profile

The socio-demographic and economic profile of the respondents included in this study is the following: Age, Gender, Civil Status, family Size, family Income and Educational Attainment. The data is presented on Table 1.

Table 1. The distribution of Socio-demographic and Economic Profile of theRespondents

Variable			Frequency	Percentage
Age		Less than 20	5	4.2
		20 to 29	20	16.7
		30 to 39	46	38.3
		40 to 49	35	29.2
		50 to 59	10	8.3
		60 and above	4	3.3
		Total	120	100.0
		Mean	37.39	
	\frown			
Gender	(\cap)	Female	65	54.0
		Male	54	45.0
	C	Widow/Widower		0.83
		Total	120	100.0
Civil Status		Single	15	12.5
		Married	96	80.0
		Widowed/er	7	5.8
		Separated	2	1.7
		Total	120	100.0
Family Size		0 to 2	8	6.7
		3 to 5	64	53.3
		6 to 8	36	30.0
		9 to 11	12	10.0
		Total	120	100.0
		Mean	6	
Family Income		Less than 5000	7	5.8
		5000 to 9999	43	35.8

	10000 to 14999	44	36.7
	15000 to 19999	11	9.1
	20000 and above	15	12.5
	Total	120	100.0
	Mean	10820.00	
	Elementary Level	38	31.6
Educational Attainment	High School Level	65	54.2
	College Level	17	14.2
	Total	120	100.0

Legend: n= 120

Table 1 showed the frequency distribution of socio-demographic and economic profile of the internally displaced people with the total of 120 idp's.

It shows that the mean of their ages is 37.39. It also shows that the highest percentage of idp's belongs ages between 30 to 39 years with 38.3% while the lowest percentage of idp's belongs to the ages between 60 and above with percentage 3.3%.

The Frequency distribution for the gender of the idp's were distributed as 65 females, 54 males and 1 widow/widower.

The highest population of idp's are married with the frequency of 96 respondents with the percentage of 80.0 while the lowest frequency belongs to separated in status with the frequency of 2. Further, most of the idp's has a family size of 3 to 5 members. The overall mean of family member's distribution is 6.

A little more than one-third of the idp's has income between 10,000 to 14,999 with the frequency of 44 respondents. They are mostly high school level on their educational attainment with the frequency of 65, followed by elementary level with 38 frequency and few of them have reached college with the frequency of 17.

B. Psychological Condition of IDP's Table 2. Frequency And Mean Distribution on Psycho-Social Condition of IDP's

Statement: Activities	Psycho-Social		Frequency				Mean	Description
		5	4	3	2	1		
1. Games		3	9	38	68	2	2.52	Fair
2. Arts and Drawing	1	2	6	20	12	6	2.27	Poor
3. Film Viewing		2	4	8	85	21	2.01	Poor
Overall							2.27	Poor

Legend:	n= 120	Range 4.50 – 5.00	Descrip Very good	tion
			3.50 - 4.49 2.50 - 3.49 1.50 - 2.49 1.00 - 1.49	Good Fair Poor Very Poor

Table 2 shows the psychological condition of the internally displaced people in terms of psycho-social activities during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.27 described as poor.

Specifically, the respondents have poor conditions on the following item 2. Arts and drawing, and item 3, Film viewing. It implies that there are no activities on intervention done psychologically on the aforementioned items.

Table 3. Frequency and Mean Distribution on Stress and Trauma Debriefing

Statement: Debriefing	Stress	and	Trauma	na Frequency					Mean	Descriptio n
				5	4	3	2	1		
1. Orientation				1	8	23	37	51	1.93	Poor

2. Meditation and Relaxation	1	4	17	46	52	1.80	Poor
3. Breathing exercise	1	4	28	22	65	1.78	Poor
Overall						1.84	Poor

Legend: n = 120

Table 3 Shows that the psychological conditions of the internally displaced people in terms of Stress and Trauma Debriefing during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 1.84 described as poor condition.

It shows that the respondents have poor conditions in all activities lidted like orientation with mean of 1.93, meditation and relaxation with the mean of 1.80, and standard deviation of 0.87 and breathing exercise with mean of 1.84; all under stress and trauma debriefing.

Therefore, this shows that the internally displaced people have poorly encountered those activities that made them stress free and left their trauma as just an experience. Furthermore, findings of some studies related to this showed that the above items assessed as statement very good considering that in some cases the concerned agencies are fully aware of their obligation and responsibilities towards the internally displace people at the evacuation centers.

Table 4. Frequency and Mean Distribution on Health Assistance

Statement: Health Assistance	Frequency					Mean	Description
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Physician Check-up	1	1	27	86	5	2.23	Poor
2. Blood Pressure Monitor	1	2	26	85	6	2.23	Poor
3. Mental Health Check-up	1	1	5	85	28	1.85	Poor
Overall						2.10	Poor

Table 4 Shows that the psychological condition of the internally displaced people in terms of Health Assistance during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.10 descried as poor.

Specifically, the respondents have poor condition on the following statements: 1. Physician Check Up; 2. Blood Pressure Monitor, 3. Mental Health Check-up.

It implies that the psychological condition of the idp's on health assistance is poor.

Table 5. Frequency and Mear	n Distribution on Guidance	e and Counseling of IDP's
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Statement: Guidance and Counseling	Frequency					Mean	Descriptio n
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Developing A Relationship	0	2	1 2	31	7 3	1.52	Poor
2. Making An Informed Assessment	1	3	4	39	7 3	1.50	Poor
3. Establishing Mutually Agreed Upon Goals and Objectives	1	2	5	38	7 4	1.48	Very Poor
Overall						1.52	Poor

Table 5. Shows that the psychological condition of the internally displace people in terms of Guidance and Counseling during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 1.52.

Specifically, the statement 3. Establishing Mentally Agreed upon Goals and Objectives has very poor frequency that mad the overall total result poor, that also shows in evacuation center the idp's has no assistance in counseling and not been guided on how do they cope up. This implies further, that internally displace people is not been guided and never been counsel.

Table 6. Summary of mean on the Psychological Condition of the IDP's at the Evacuation Center

Psychological condition of the IDP's at the evacuation center.	Mean	Description
1. Psycho-Social Activities	2.27	Poor
2. Stress and Trauma Debriefing	1.84	Poor
3. Health Assistance	2.10	Poor
4. Guidance and Counseling of the IDP's	1.52	Poor
Overall	1.93	Poor

Table 6. Shows the summary of psychological condition of the IDP's at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 1.93 described as poor.

Specifically, the respondent has poor condition on all statements from statement 1. Psycho-social activities with the mean of 2.27 down to the statement 4. Guidance and Counseling of the IDP's which has a mean of 1.52. It implies that the summary of psychological condition of the IDP's at the evacuation center is described poor as poor condition.

C. Social Condition of IDP's

Table 7. Frequency and Mean distribution on the Livelihood Assistance

Statement: Assistance	Livelihood		Frequency					Descriptio n
		5	4	3	2	1		
1. Curtain and Dre	ess Making	2	4	66	35	13	2.56	Fair
2. Sleeping Mat W	/eaving	0	0.2 5	44. 5	5.3 9	13	2.50	Fair
3. Basket Weaving Overall	g	0	18	69	29	12	2.77 2.61	Fair Fair

Legend: n= 120 Range Description

4.50 – 5.00 Very good

3.50 – 4.49 Good

2.50 – 3.49 Fair

1.50 – 2.49 Poor

1.00 – 1.49 Very Poor

Table 7 Shows that the social condition of the internally displaced people in terms of Livelihood Assistance at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.61 described as poor.

Specifically, the respondents have fair conditions on the following statements: 1. Curtain and dress Making, 2. Sleeping Mat Weaving, and 3. Basket Weaving. It implies that the social condition on Livelihood Assistance of the idp's is fair. This shows further that some of the government and other concerned agencies are effective in livelihood assistance to the idp's during their stay at the evacuation center. This also shows that some government agencies are more focused on the social condition of the internally displaced people rather than psychological condition activities, that idp's primary needs is livelihood, that they are not so devastated by the conflicts in terms of psycho-social.

Table 8. Frequency and Mean Distribution on Relief Assistance

Statement: Relief Assistance		Fi	requen	Mean	Description		
	5	4	3				
1. Food Items	0	80	16	24	0	3.47	Fair
2. Non-Food Items	0	76	27	17	0	3.49	Fair
 Hygiene & Water Kit 	2	74	15	26	3	3.38	Fair
Overall						3.45	Fair

Table 8. Shows that the social condition of the internally displaced people in terms of Relief Assistance of the government at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 3.45 as described as fair.

Specifically, in all relief assistance from the government such as: 1. Food items, 2. Non-food Items, and 3. Hygiene and water Kit are described as fair. It implies that the social condition of the idp's is fair.

Therefore, the result of the above table of relief assistance described as fair. This means that the idp's on the average extent are satisfied with the assistance given to them by the government.

Table 9. Frequency and Mean on the Securities and Safety Assistance

Statement: Assistance	Securities	and	Safety		Fre	equei	ncy		Mean	Descriptio n
				5	4	3	2	1		
1. Philippine /	Army / CAFGU	Outpos	t	1	52	3	1	1	2.05	Fair
						4	8	5	3.05	
2. Police Pers	sonnel Visibility	,		1	52	3	2	1	2.00	Fair
						3	1	3	3.06	
3. Barangay/1	Fanod Roving			4	6.5	1	1	1	3.22	Fair

	6	8	5		
erall				3.11	Fair

Overall Legend: n = 120

Table 9 Shows that the psychological conditions of the internally displaced people in terms of security and safety at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 3.11. Specifically, the respondents have fair conditions in all the statements: It implies that the idp's is properly monitored in terms of their safety and security needs.

This means further, that in all terms of social condition of the idp's at the evacuation center from livelihood assistance, relief assistance of food items and non-food items, security and safety assistance generally described as fair and can also be described as closely to a range of good.

Table 10. Summary of Mean on the Social Condition of the IDP's at the Evacuation Center

Social condition of the IDP's at the evacuation center	Mean	Description
1. Livelihood Assistance	2.61	Fair
2. Relief Assistance	3.45	Fair
3. Security and Safety Assistance	3.11	Fair
Overall	3.06	Fair

Table 10. Shows the summary of social condition of the IDP's at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 3.06.

Specifically, the respondents has fair condition in all the statements, the statement from 1. Livelihood Assistance down to the statement 3. Security and Safety Assistance. It implies that the summary of social condition of the IDP's at the evacuation center is fair.

D. Satisfaction on the Government Assistance Table 11. Frequency and Mean Distribution on Livelihood Assistance

Statement: Livelihood Assistance		F	reque	ncy	Mean	Description	
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Curtain and Dress Making	1	1	57	57	4	2.48	Dissatisfied
2. Sleeping Mat Weaving	1	1	51	63	4	2.43	Dissatisfied
3. Basket Weaving	1	15	65	35	4	2.78	Fair
Overall						2.56	Fair

Legend: n=120 Range Description

4.50 - 5.00

Very satisfied 3.50 – 4.49 Satisfied

2.50 – 3.49 Fair

1.50 - 2.49 Dissatisfied

1.00 – 1.49 Very Dissatisfied

Table 11 Shows that the level of satisfaction of the internally displaced people in terms of livelihood assistance in government response during their stay at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.56.

Specifically, the respondents are dissatisfied on the following statements: 1. Curtain and dress making with a mean of 2.48, and 2. Sleeping Mat weaving with mean of 2.43. While number 3. Basket weaving has fair description with mean of 2.78 that made the overall mean of 2.56 described as fair. It implies that the level of satisfaction of the idp's in terms of livelihood assistance is just fair.

As it is explain further, the first two (2) statement of 1. Curtain and Dress Making considering, 2. Sleeping Mat Weavings the respondents describe it as dissatisfied, that out of three statements one statement is described as fair but on the average, the description is generally fair on social satisfaction of the IDP's on the government response in terms of livelihood assistance, looking at the table, it is observed that respondents it is observed that respondents described the last statement as fairly

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Table 12. Frequency and Mean on Relief Assistance

Stater	nent: Relief Assistance		Fi	requer	ncy		Mean	Description
		5	4	3	2	1		
1. Foo	d Items							
a.	Noodles	0	79	26	14	1	3.53	Satisfied
b.	Canned Goods	0	79	26	14	1	3.153	Satisfied
C.	Rice	0	78	28	13	1	3.53	Good
2. Non	-Food Items							
a.	Blanket (Malong)	0	30	64	22	4	3.00	Fair
b.	Mosquito Net/Sleeping Mat	0	31	61	23	5	2.98	Fair
C.	Kitchen Kit	0	18	61	32	9	2.73	Fair
3. Hyg	iene and water Kit							
a.	Sanitary Pad	0	2	61	22	14	2.42	Dissatisfied
b.	Water Jar	0	3	63	49	5	2.53	Fair
C.	Soap and Dental Kit	0	3	63	40	14	2.46	Dissatisfied
4. Med	icine kit							
a.	First Aid Kit	0	0	36	64	20	2.13	Dissatisfied
b.	Loperamide & Paracetamol	0	1	35	73	11	2.22	Dissatisfied
C.	Hypertension Pills	1	1	18	80	20	2.03	Dissatisfied
5. She	lter Kit							
a.	Tent	0	2	7	56	55	1.63	Dissatisfied
b.	Trapal	0	1	15	59	45	1.77	Dissatisfied
c.	Plywood and Lumber	0	10	5	57	48	1.81	Dissatisfied
Overa	11						2.55	Fair

Legend: n = 120

Overall

Table 12 shows the social satisfaction of the internally displaced people on the government response at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.55.

Specifically, the respondents rated high Mean on statement 2. Non food items supplies from the government response which includes the a. Blanket (malong), b. mosquito net/Sleeping mat, c. kitchen kit which are all rated fair. While. the lowest mean belongs to the following statements of 2. Shelter Kit that includes the a. Tent with mean of 1.63, b. Trapal mean of 1.77 and c. Plywood/Lumber with mean of 1.81.

This implies that IDP's is dissatisfied to the government response in terms of Food Items, Hygiene & water Kit, Medicine Kit, Shelter Kit. Fair satisfaction on the assistance of Non-Food Items and Securities and Safety. This shows further that in all statements related to social satisfaction of the IDP's on the government response in terms of Relief Assistance, no respondent claimed as very satisfied. This data suggest that government is just fair in terms of relief assistance as indicated by at overall mean of 2.55

					-		-
Statement: Security and Safety Assistance		Fre	eque	Mean	Descriptio n		
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Philippine Army / CAFGU Outpost	2	43	3 6	28	11	2.97	Fair
2. Police Personnel Visibility	0	45	3 7	31	7	3.00	Fair
3. Barangay Tanod/Roving	1	58	2	27	5	3.22	Fair

Table 13 shows the distribution on social satisfaction of the internally displaced people on government response in terms of securities and safety assistance at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 3.06.

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3.06

Fair

Specifically, the respondent's shows a satisfaction level of fair on the assistance of government for securities and safety. It implies that they are fairly satisfied. Therefore,

the government is fairly doing their responsibilities in case of security and safety measures of the respondents during their stay in the evacuation center.

Table 14. Frequency and mean distribution of the recovery program on psychological condition

Statement: Psycho-Social Activities		F	reque	ency		Mean	Description
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Games	0	4	30	85	1	2.31	Dissatisfied
2. Art and Drawing	0	2	20	94	4	2.17	Dissatisfied
3. Film viewing	0	4	10	85	21	1.97	Dissatisfied
Overall						2.15	Dissatisfied

Legend: n = 120

Table 14 shows the psychological satisfaction of the internally displaced people in terms of psycho-social activities during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.15.

Specifically, the respondents are dissatisfied in the following statements: 1. Games, 2. Arts and drawing, and 3. Film viewing.

The implication is that, psychological satisfaction of the idp's in terms of psycho-socio activities of government showed a dissatisfactory response from the idp's. The data suggest that respondents never experience any psycho-social activities as part of their recovery program on psychosocial aspect during their stay at the evacuation center.

Table 15. Frequency and mean distribution of the recovery program on Stress andTrauma Debriefing

Statement: Stress & Trauma Debriefing	Frequency				-	Mean	Description
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Orientation	0	2	14	72	32	1.88	Dissatisfied
2. Meditation and Relaxation	0	0	14	74	32	1.85	Dissatisfied
3. Breathing exercise	0	0	13	71	36	1.81	Dissatisfied
Overall				10		1.84	Dissatisfied

Table 15 shows the psychological satisfaction of the internally displaced people in terms of stress and trauma debriefing during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 1.84.

Specifically, the respondents are dissatisfied on stress and trauma debriefing activity given to them by the government on the following statements 1. Orientation, 2. Meditation and Relaxation, 3. Breathing Exercise. It implies that the psychological satisfaction on stress and trauma debriefing of the idp's is described as dissatisfied.

Table 16. Frequency and Mean Distribution of the Recovery Program on Health Assistance

Statement: Health Assistance	Frequency				Mean	Description	
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Physician Check- Up	0	1	32	67	20	2.12	Dissatisfied
2. Blood Pressure Monitor	0	2	34	63	21	2.14	Dissatisfied
3. Mental Health Check-up	0	1	4	75	40	1.72	Dissatisfied
Overall						1.99	Dissatisfied

Table 16 shows the psychological satisfaction of the internally displaced people in terms of health assistance during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 1.99.

Specifically, the respondents are on health assistance given to them by the government on the following statements 1. Physician check-up, 2. Blood pressure monitor, 3. Mental health check-up. It implies that the psychological satisfaction of the idp's on health assistance from the government is rated dissatisfied.

This further shows, that the same result as in tables 15 and 16 on psycho-social stress and trauma debriefing activities of the respondents on the government response which is described as dissatisfied. As mentioned earlier, the government was not focused on the psycho-social activities as that compared to other researches in which

the rating on psycho-social activities was higher since those respondents are mentally shattered during their stay at the evacuation center

Statement: Guidance and Counseling of IDP's		Fr	eque	ency		Mean	Description
	5	4	3	2	1		
1. Developing A Relationship	0	3	6	1	1		Very
						1.38	Dissatisfie
							d
2. Making An Informed Assessment	0	3	6	2	8		Very
				4	7	1.37	Dissatisfie
							d
3. Establishing Mutually Agreed Upon	0	3	6	2	8		Very
				4	8	1.37	Dissatisfie
Goals and Objectives							d
Overall						1.37	Dissatisfied

Table 17. Frequency and Mean Distribution of the Recovery Program on Guidanceand Counselling of IDP's

Table 17 shows the psychological satisfaction of the internally displaced people in terms of guidance and counseling during their recovery period at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 1.37.

Specifically, the respondents are very dissatisfied on guidance and counselling activities given to them by the government on the following statements 1. Developing Relationship, 2. Making an informed assessment, 3. Establishing Mutually Agreed Upon Goals and Objectives. It implies that the psychological satisfaction of the idp's in guidance and counseling from the government assistance is dissatisfied.

The low ratings given by of 87 and 88 respondent on statements 2. Making an Informed Assessment and 3, Establishing Mutually Agreed upon Goals and Objectives respectively, affects the values of the mean which were described.

Table 18. Summary of Mean on the Level of Government Response at the Evacuation Center

Statement: Government response at the evacuation center	Mean	Description
1. Livelihood Assistance	2.56	Fair
2. Relief Assistance	2.55	Fair
3. Security and Safety Assistance	3.06	Fair
4. Psycho-Social Activities	2.15	Dissatisfied
5. Stress and Trauma Debriefing	1.84	Dissatisfied
6. Health Assistance	1.99	Dissatisfied
7. Guidance and Counseling of IDP's	1.37	Dissatisfied
Overall	2.22	Dissatisfied

Table 18 shows the summary of the level psycho-social satisfaction of the IDP's at the evacuation center. The overall mean is 2.22

Specifically, the respondents were dissatisfied on four statements such as statement number 4, Psycho-Social Activities' statement number 5, Stress and Trauma Debriefing; statement number 6, Health Assistance; and statement number 6. Guidance and Counselling of IDP's. However, the first three (3) item-statements were rated by the respondents as just fair. The overall assessment of the respondent's level of satisfaction on the government response in terms of psycho-social condition during their stay at the evacuation center is described as dissatisfied. This is indicated by the overall mean of 2.22. The result implies that the psycho-social activities of the IDP's at the evacuation center did not meet their expectation.

Table 19. The problems encountered of the IDP's at the evacuations center

Indicators	Frequency	Rank
1.Toilet/Sanitation Condition	85	6
2. Drainage and Sewage System	102	4
3. Water Distribution Supply	93	5
4. Power and Electrical Connection	83	7
5. Shortage of Food Supply	117	2
6. Medical Supply	118	1

7. Clothing Assistance	47	9
8. Shelter Comfortability	116	3
9. Safety and Security	57	8
And others	0	0

Table 19 shows the frequency and ranking distribution of problems encountered by the IDP's at the evacuation center.

It shows that statement 6, Medical supply ranked 1, with the frequency of 118; and closely followed by statement 5, shortage of food supply with the frequency of 117, then statement 8, shelter comfortability frequency of 116; statement 2. Drainage and sewage system with the frequency of 102; and 3, Water distribution supply with the frequency of 93; rank 5.

Specifically, the respondents are very dissatisfied on their basic needs during their stay at the evacuation center. It implies that the IDP's are very dissatisfied and has very poor condition at the evacuation during their recovery period, this further implies that the government agencies did not focus their attention to the general welfare of the idp's in the evacuation center.

Summary of Findings

Based on the data gathered and analyzed, the following are the summary of the major findings.

1. Most of the internally displace people were at the ages of between 30 years old to 39 years old, that most of them are female with the frequency of 65 compare to male with the frequency of 53, that there were more numbers of married idp's than with the single, widowed/widower, and separated.

2. The psychological condition of the internally displaced people during recovery period at the evacuation center is described as poor in Psycho-Social Activities, the same as with the stress trauma debriefing, Health Assistance; and Guidance and Counseling of IDP's which needs more attention.

3. The social condition of the internally displaced people at the evacuation center in Livelihood Assistance, Relief Assistance, Security and Safety Assistance described as fair with over all mean of 3.06.

4. The level of satisfaction of the internally displace people on the government response in Livelihood Assistance is dissatisfied, while Relief Assistance and Securities and Safety Assistance were fair, which shows slight satisfaction while on the Recovery program on Psychological Condition shows dissatisfied which described poor in overall.

5. The problems encountered of the internally displace people at the evacuation center is most in medical supply, followed by shortage of food supply, next is shelter comfort ability and rank as four in most problems at the evacuation center is Drainage and Sewage System.

Conclusion

Based on the findings of the study, the following conclusion are hereby drawn, the psychological condition of the internally displaced people is poor, and likewise the social condition is poor. The IDP's at the evacuation centers are dissatisfied on the government response on the needed activities and resources expected. Therefore, government failed in his duty to provide necessary assistance to the IDP's

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